

英語 関係代名詞⑦ まちがい探し : be の抜けと疑問文の語順 なまえ _____

who のあとの be と、目的格の語順を たしかめる ひづけ _____

きまり who・which・that のあとの be と語順を まちがえない

who is ing ～している	a boy who is dancing who のあとに is + ing	×	a kite which made by Ken × be のぬけ
×	a boy who dancing は × be のぬけ	主語＋動詞 目的格	the kite which I made 疑問文の語順にしない
ing だけ who をとる	a boy dancing who is を ぜんぶ とれば ○	×	which do you like は × 疑問文の語順
過去分詞 ～された	a kite which was made was・were + 過去分詞	名詞が先 日本語とちがう	a boy / who is dancing do・does は まえに おかない 名詞を 先に、説明は あと

who・which・that のあとの be (is・are・was・were) を おとさない。目的格は 疑問文の語順に しない。

- ・1は、正しいほうを ○で かこもう。
- ・2は、線の上に be を 書こう (is・are・was・were)。
- ・3は、○か ×を かこもう。×は 正しい文を書こう (○は 書かない)。

1 正しいほうを えらぶ (○で かこむ)

ヒント be・語順

- (1) I know the girl (who is) (who) playing tennis now.
- (2) Look at the girls (who are) (who) swimming in the pool now.
- (3) I like the pictures (that) (that were) taken by Ken yesterday.
- (4) Look at the picture (which was) (which) drawn by Emi last week.
- (5) I know the lunch which (did Mika eat.) (Mika ate.)

2 be を書く

ヒント 名詞の 数・now か 過去か

- (1) Look at the boy who _____ running in the park now. [is/are]
- (2) I read the book that _____ written by Mary last year. [was/were]
- (3) Look at the boys who _____ playing soccer now. [is/are]

3 ○か ×か。×は 正しい文を書く

ヒント who・that は のこして 直す

- (1) Look at the man who waiting for the bus now. (○) (×)
→ _____
- (2) I like the song that was sung by Ken yesterday. (○) (×)
→ _____
- (3) Look at the women that does Ken help. (○) (×)
→ _____

見直し □ who のあとの be を みた □ 3の ×は 正しい文に 直した まちがい () 問



きまり who・which・that のあとの be と語順を まちがえない

who is ing ～している	a boy who is dancing who のあとに is + ing	×	a kite which made by Ken × which のあとに was を 足す
×	a boy who dancing は × be の ぬけ who dancing とは 書かない	主語＋動詞 目的格	the kite which I made 疑問文の 語順に しない
ing だけ who を とる	a boy dancing who is を ぜんぶ とれば ○	×	which do you like は × do・does は まえに おかない
過去分詞 ～された	a kite which was made was・were + 過去分詞	名詞が 先 日本語と ちがう	a boy / who is dancing 名詞を 先に、説明は あと

who・which・that のあとの be (is・are・was・were) を おとさない。目的格は 疑問文の 語順に しない。

1 正しいほうを えらぶ (○で かこむ)

- (1) I know the girl who is who playing tennis now.
- (2) Look at the girls who are who swimming in the pool now.
- (3) I like the pictures that that were taken by Ken yesterday.
- (4) Look at the picture which was which drawn by Emi last week.
- (5) I know the lunch which did Mika eat. Mika ate.

2 be を 書く

- (1) Look at the boy who is running in the park now. [is/are]
- (2) I read the book that was written by Mary last year. [was/were]
- (3) Look at the boys who are playing soccer now. [is/are]

3 ○か ×か。×は正しい文を書く

- (1) Look at the man who waiting for the bus now. ☐ ☒
- Look at the man who is waiting for the bus now.
- (2) I like the song that was sung by Ken yesterday. ☒ ☐
- _____
- (3) Look at the women that does Ken help. ☐ ☒
- Look at the women that Ken helps.

丸つけのめやす／つまずきやすいところ

1 は (1)(2) who のあとに is・are／(3)(4) that・which のあとに was・were／(5) 疑問文の 語順に しない。

2 は (1) is (boy が 1人・now) ／(2) was (book が 1つ・last year) ／(3) are (boys が 複数・now) 。

3 は ×を 直す。(1) is を 足す (who は のこす) ／(3) does を とる。(2) は ○。