

英語 関係代名詞 まとめテスト② 書く

who・which・is・are・動詞の形・前置詞を書く

なまえ _____

ひづけ _____

- ・1は、線の上に1語書こう（〔 〕はヒント・thatはつかわない）。
- ・2は、日本語に合う文を（ ）の語で書こう（形はかえてよい）。

1 線に書く（語）

- (1) Look at a boy _____ catches fish. [who/which]
- (2) I have a computer _____ keeps many pictures. [who/which]
- (3) I know a student who _____ many questions. [ask (いま)]
- (4) I know the students who _____ questions. [ask (いま)]
- (5) I know a man who _____ drive a car. [doesn't/don't]
- (6) I know the students who _____ busy. [is/are]
- (7) This is the letter which I _____ . [send (過去)]
- (8) I like the song which Mika listens _____ . [前置詞]
- (9) Look at the girl that my brother waits _____ . [前置詞]
- (10) The song which my sisters sing _____ mine. [is/are]
- (11) Look at the girl who _____ running now. [is/are]
- (12) Look at the boys who _____ riding bikes now. [is/are]

2 日本語に合う文を書く

- (1) 犬をほしがる男の子を知っている。 (a boy/who/want/a dog)
→ _____
- (2) 母が作ったカレーが好きだ。 (the curry/that/my mother/cook)
→ _____
- (3) 数学が好きな女の子を知っている。 (a girl/who/like/math)
→ _____
- (4) おばが作るクッキーが好きだ。 (the cookies/that/my aunt/make)
→ _____
- (5) 私たちが遊ぶ公園が好きだ。 (the park/which/we/play/in)
→ _____

見直し ☐ ぜんぶの問題に答えた ☐ 名詞のすぐあとを見た まちがい（ ）問



英語 関係代名詞 まとめテスト② 書く【こたえ】

who・which・is・are・動詞の形・前置詞を書く

なまえ _____

ひづけ _____

1 線に書く(語)

- (1) Look at a boy who catches fish. [who/which]
- (2) I have a computer which keeps many pictures. [who/which]
- (3) I know a student who asks many questions. [ask (いま)]
- (4) I know the students who ask questions. [ask (いま)]
- (5) I know a man who doesn't drive a car. [doesn't/don't]
- (6) I know the students who are busy. [is/are]
- (7) This is the letter which I sent. [send (過去)]
- (8) I like the song which Mika listens to. [前置詞]
- (9) Look at the girl that my brother waits for. [前置詞]
- (10) The song which my sisters sing is mine. [is/are]
- (11) Look at the girl who is running now. [is/are]
- (12) Look at the boys who are riding bikes now. [is/are]

2 日本語に合う文を書く

- (1) 犬をほしがる男の子を知っている。 (a boy/who/want/a dog)
→ I know a boy who wants a dog.
- (2) 母が作ったカレーが好きだ。 (the curry/that/my mother/cook)
→ I like the curry that my mother cooked.
- (3) 数学が好きな女の子を知っている。 (a girl/who/like/math)
→ I know a girl who likes math.
- (4) おばが作るクッキーが好きだ。 (the cookies/that/my aunt/make)
→ I like the cookies that my aunt makes.
- (5) 私たちが遊ぶ公園が好きだ。 (the park/which/we/play/in)
→ I like the park which we play in.

丸つけのめやす/つまずきやすいところ

1 は (1)(2) 人 → who/物 → which. (3)~(6) 名詞の数で動詞の形. (7) 過去形 sent. (8)(9) 前置詞. (10) is. (11)(12) is・was.

1 の (5) は doesn't/don't. (8)(9) は動詞とセットの前置詞 (to・for)。

2 は名詞が先。() の関係代名詞をつかう。文のはじめの大文字・おわりの. のぬけは×。